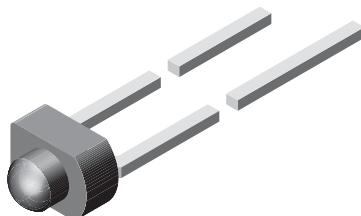


Universal LED, Ø 1.8 mm Tinted Diffused Miniplast Package



19229

FEATURES

- For DC and pulse operation
- Luminous intensity categorized
- End-to-end stackable in centre-to-centre spacing of 0.1" (2.54 mm)
- Lead (Pb)-free device

APPLICATIONS

- General indicating and lighting purposes

PRODUCT GROUP AND PACKAGE DATA

- Product group: LED
- Package: 1.8 mm (miniplast)
- Product series: standard
- Angle of half intensity: ± 20°

PARTS TABLE		
PART	COLOR, LUMINOUS INTENSITY	TECHNOLOGY
TLUR2400	Red, $I_V > 15$ mcd (typ.)	GaAsP on GaP
TLUR2401	Red, $I_V = (4$ to $32)$ mcd	GaAsP on GaP

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹⁾ TLUR240.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Reverse voltage		V_R	6	V
DC Forward current		I_F	20	mA
Surge forward current	$t_p \leq 10 \mu s$	I_{FSM}	0.5	A
Power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 55^\circ C$	P_V	60	mW
Junction temperature		T_j	100	°C
Operating temperature range		T_{amb}	- 40 to + 100	°C
Storage temperature range		T_{stg}	- 55 to + 100	°C
Soldering temperature	$t \leq 3$ s, 2 mm from body	T_{sd}	260	°C
	$t \leq 5$ s, 4 mm from body	T_{sd}	260	°C
Thermal resistance junction/ambient		R_{thJA}	450	K/W

Note:

¹⁾ $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise specified

OPTICAL AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS¹⁾ TLUR240., RED

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Luminous intensity ²⁾	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	TLUR2400	I_V	4	15		mcd
		TLUR2401	I_V	4		32	mcd
Dominant wavelength	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		λ_d		630		nm
Peak wavelength	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		λ_p		640		nm
Angle of half intensity	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		ϕ		± 20		deg
Forward voltage	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$		V_F		2	3	V
Reverse voltage	$I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$		V_R	6	15		V
Junction capacitance	$V_R = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		C_j		50		pF

Note:

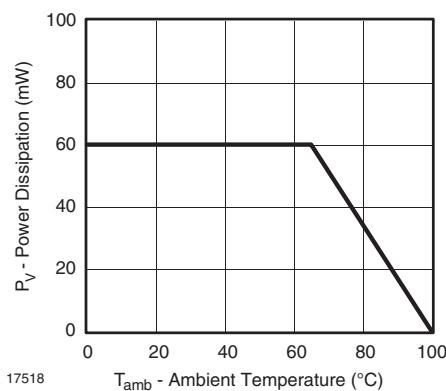
1) $T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ \text{C}$, unless otherwise specified2) In one packing unit $I_{V\text{min}}/I_{V\text{max}} \leq 0.5$
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS
 $T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ \text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Figure 1. Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

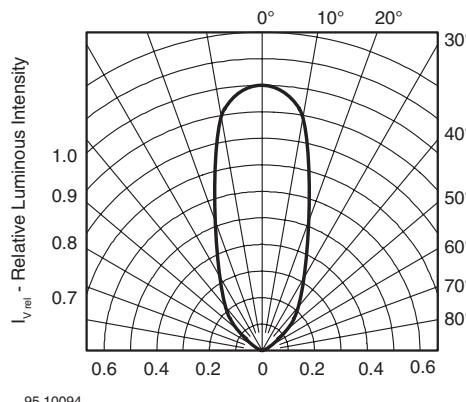


Figure 3. Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

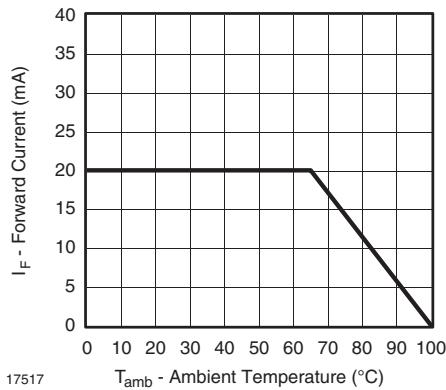


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

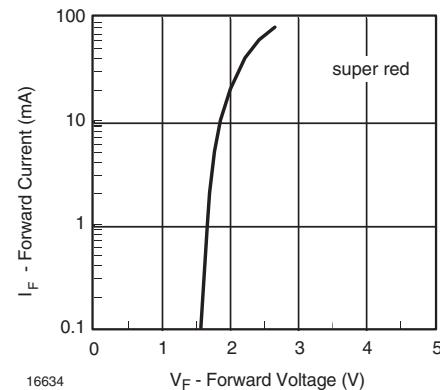


Figure 4. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

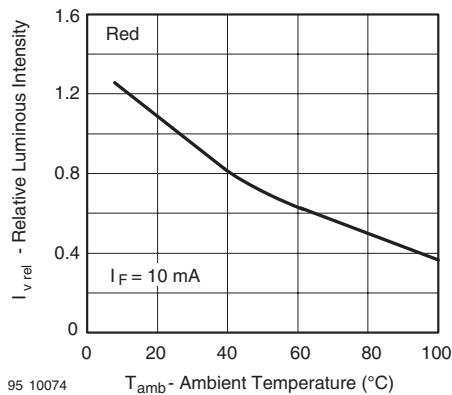


Figure 5. Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

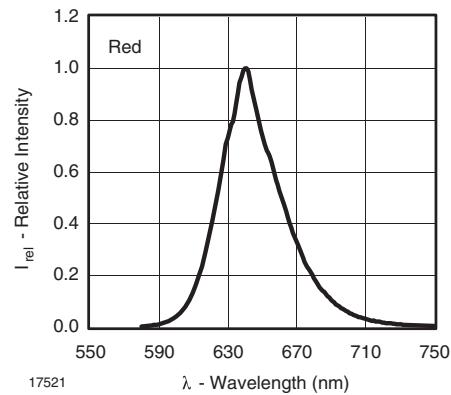


Figure 7. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

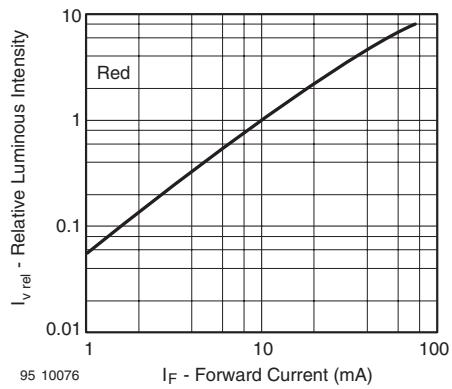


Figure 6. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS in millimeters

